

MATTERS FOR DISCUSSION FIRST AMENDMENT: FREE EXERCISE OF RELIGION



NATIONAL CONSTITUTION CENTER



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- Can a state compel Amish students to attend school when they claim this violates their religious beliefs? (*Wisconsin v. Yoder,* 406 U.S. 205 (1972)).
- Can the government punish someone for engaging in religious ceremonies involving the use of illegal drugs, such as peyote or marijuana? (*Employment Division v. Smith*, 494 U.S. 872 (1990))
- Can the government require that conscientious objectors such as Quakers join the armed forces and fight in war? (*Clay v. United States, 403 U.S. 698 (1971)*)
- Can the government require that conscientious objectors such as Quakers pay taxes that are used to fund a war? (Loosely United States v. Lee, 455 U.S. 252 (1982))
- Can the government punish a wedding photographer who refuses to photograph a same-sex wedding on the grounds that his religion defines marriage to be between a man and a woman? (Loosely Masterpiece Cakeshop v. Colorado Civil Rights Commission, 138 S.Ct. 1719 (2018))
- Can the government require the Catholic Church to have women as priests? (Loosely Hosanna-Tabor Evangelical Lutheran Church and School v. EEOC, 565 U.S. 171 (2012))
- Can the military impose a uniform dress code that does not allow a Jewish man to wear a yarmulke? Goldman v. Weinberger, 475 U.S. 503 (1986))
- Can the government punish people who cover their face in public, including Muslim women who wear a niqab? (S.A.S. v. France, European Court of Human Rights (2014))
- Can a state prison with a no-beard policy for safety reasons require a Muslim prisoner to shave his facial hair, even if it is grown for religious reasons? (Holt v. Hobbs, 135 S.Ct. 853 (2015))